

March 10, 2017



Safe harbor statement under the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

This document contains statements that YPF believes constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the US Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

These forward-looking statements may include statements regarding the intent, belief, plans, current expectations or objectives of YPF and its management, including statements with respect to YPF's future financial condition, financial, operating, reserve replacement and other ratios, results of operations, business strategy, geographic concentration, business concentration, production and marketed volumes and reserves, as well as YPF's plans, expectations or objectives with respect to future capital expenditures, investments, expansion and other projects, exploration activities, ownership interests, divestments, cost savings and dividend payout policies. These forward-looking statements may also include assumptions regarding future economic and other conditions, such as future crude oil and other prices, refining and marketing margins and exchange rates. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, prices, margins, exchange rates or other events and are subject to material risks, uncertainties, changes and other factors which may be beyond YPF's control or may be difficult to predict.

YPF's actual future financial condition, financial, operating, reserve replacement and other ratios, results of operations, business strategy, geographic concentration, business concentration, production and marketed volumes, reserves, capital expenditures, investments, expansion and other projects, exploration activities, ownership interests, divestments, cost savings and dividend payout policies, as well as actual future economic and other conditions, such as future crude oil and other prices, refining margins and exchange rates, could differ materially from those expressed or implied in any such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to, oil, gas and other price fluctuations, supply and demand levels, currency fluctuations, exploration, drilling and production results, changes in reserves estimates, success in partnering with third parties, loss of market share, industry competition, environmental risks, physical risks, the risks of doing business in developing countries, legislative, tax, legal and regulatory developments, economic and financial market conditions in various countries and regions, political risks, wars and acts of terrorism, natural disasters, project delays or advancements and lack of approvals, as well as those factors described in the filings made by YPF and its affiliates with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in particular, those described in "Item 3. Key Information—Risk Factors" and "Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects" in YPF's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission. In light of the foregoing, the forward-looking statements included in this document may not occur.

Except as required by law, YPF does not undertake to publicly update or revise these forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that the projected performance, conditions or events expressed or implied therein will not be realized.

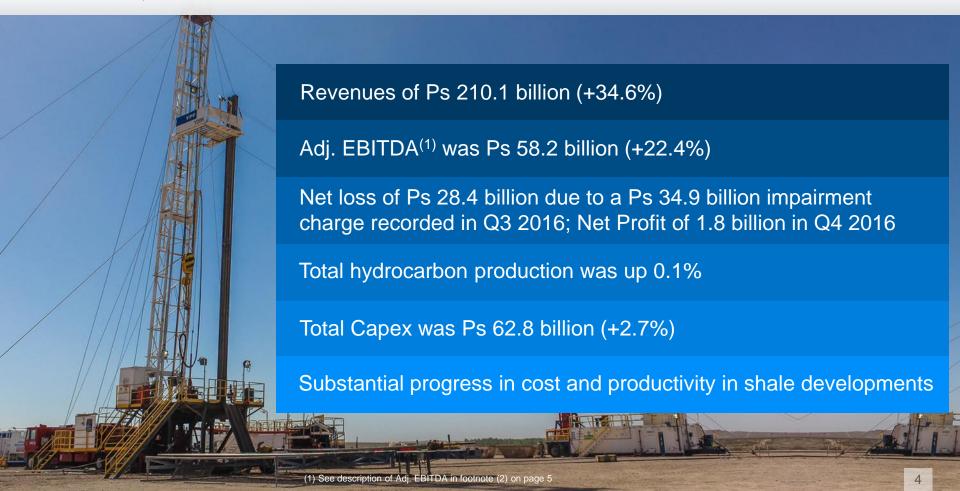
These materials do not constitute an offer for sale of YPF S.A. bonds, shares or ADRs in the United States or otherwise.

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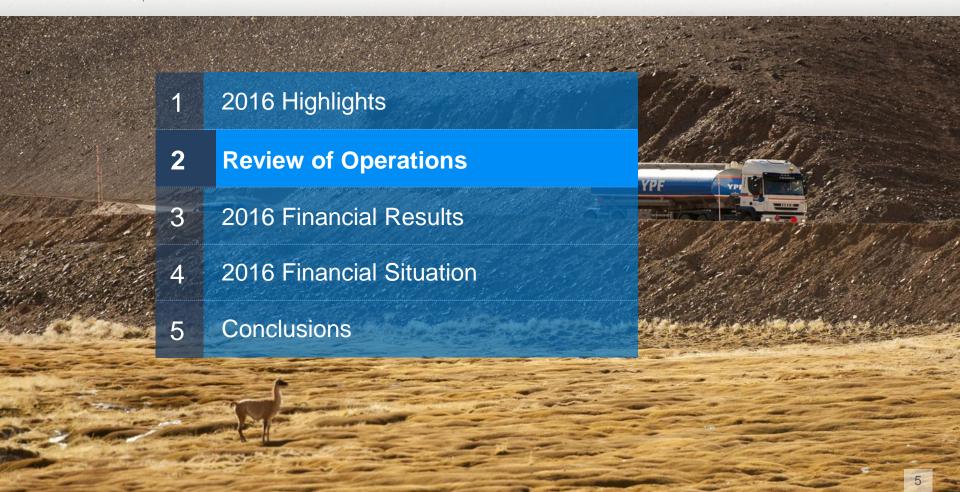




2016 Results – Highlights



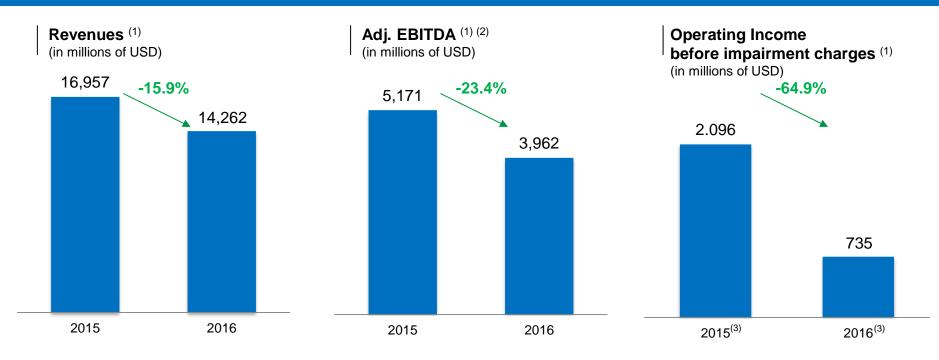
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Review of FY 2016 Operations Results Expressed in US Dollars

Results affected by a 59.8%⁽¹⁾ peso devaluation; cash costs were down in line with fuel prices but DD&A further affected Operating Income.



⁽¹⁾ YPF financial statement values in IFRS converted to USD using average exchange rate of Ps 9.22 and Ps 14.73 per U.S \$1.00 for 2015 and 2016, respectively.

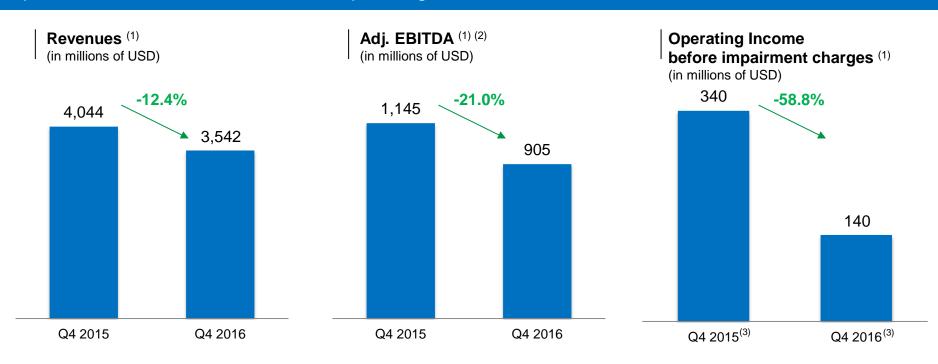
²⁾ Adjusted EBITDA = Net income attributable to shareholders + Net income (loss) for non-controlling interest - Deferred income tax - Income tax - Financial income gains (losses) on liabilities - Financial income gains (losses) on assets - Income on investments in companies + Depreciation of fixed assets + Amortization of intangible assets + Unproductive exploratory drilling + Impairment of property, plant and equipment.

⁽³⁾ Operating Income before impairment charges of Ps 2.5 billion (USD 195 million) and Ps 34.9 billion (USD 2,292 million) in Upstream segment for 2015 and 2016, respectively.



Review of Q4 2016 Operations Results Expressed in US Dollars

Quarterly results affected by a 52.2% peso devaluation; cash costs were down in line with fuel prices but DD&A further affected Operating Income.



⁽¹⁾ YPF financial statement values in IFRS converted to USD using average exchange rate of Ps 10.12 and Ps 15.40 per U.S \$1.00 for Q4 2015 and Q4 2016, respectively.

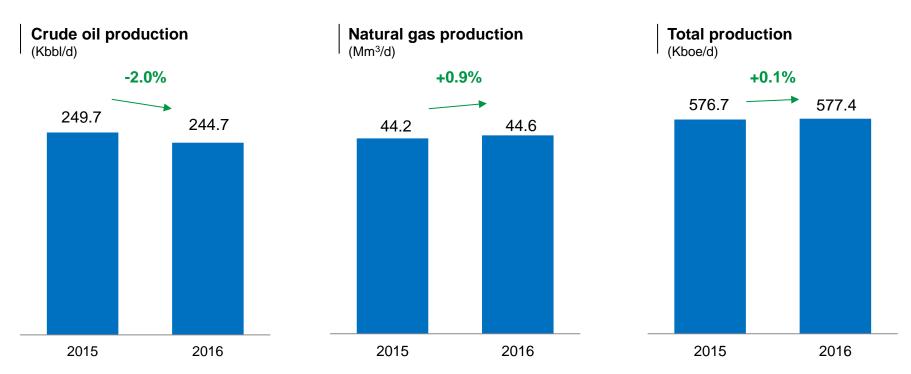
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³⁾ Operating Income before impairment charge loss of Ps 2.5 billion (USD 195 million) and impairment charge gain of Ps 1.2 billion (USD 79 million) in Upstream segment for Q4 2015 and Q4 2016, respectively. 7



Review of FY 2016 Operations **Production**

Total production was flat vis-a-vis 2015 with 0.9% growth in natural gas and 6.9% growth in NGL; crude oil production was down by 2.0%.



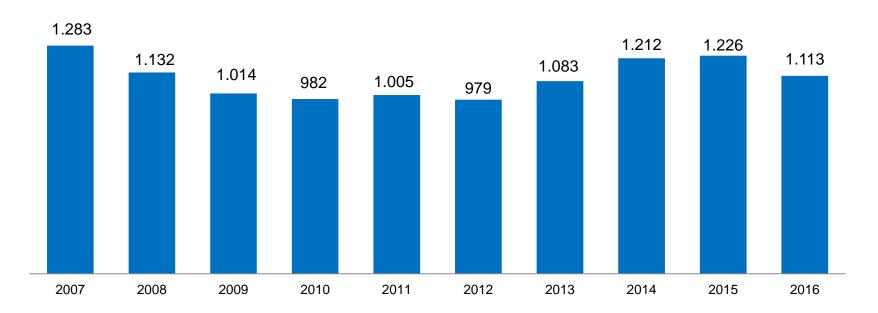


Review of FY 2016 Operations **Reserves**

Proved Reserves decreased by 9%, mainly due to lower crude oil prices.

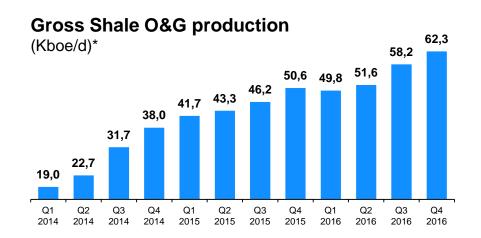
Total hydrocarbon reserves (Mboe)

RRR: 46%

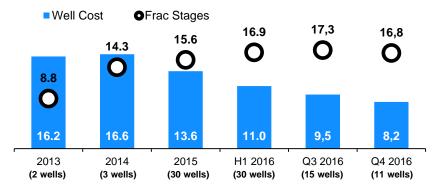




Review of FY 2016 Operations Shale Oil & Gas Update



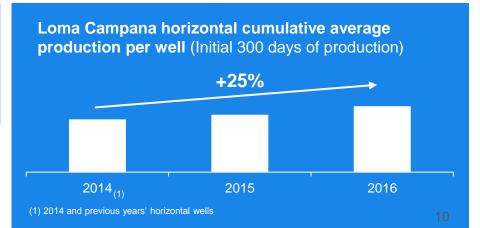




541
Producing wells

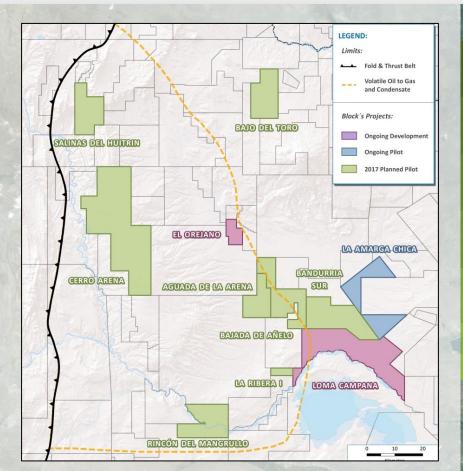
New wells in Q4 2016

62.3Kboe/d Q4 2016
Shale gross
production





Review of FY 2016 Operations Shale Oil & Gas Highlights

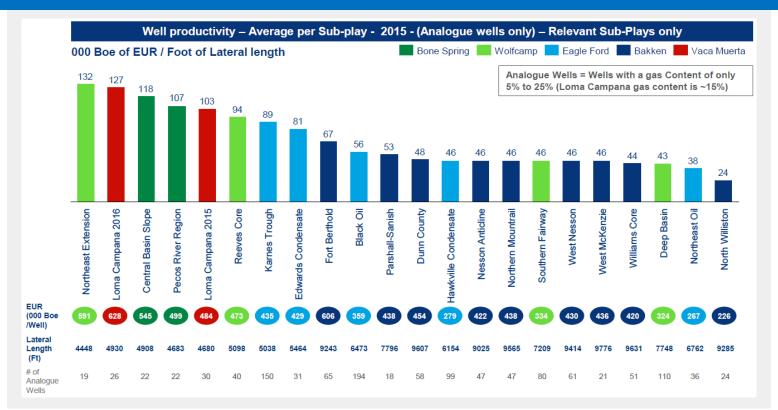


Significant well cost reduction Improved productivity Substantial infrastructure in place 10 pilot projects to be launched in 2017 USD 300 million JV with Shell announced New focus on natural gas window



Review of FY 2016 Operations Shale Oil Benchmarking

Well productivity in line with best in the industry.



Source: WoodMackenzie / YPF

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Review of FY 2016 Operations **Tight Gas Developments**



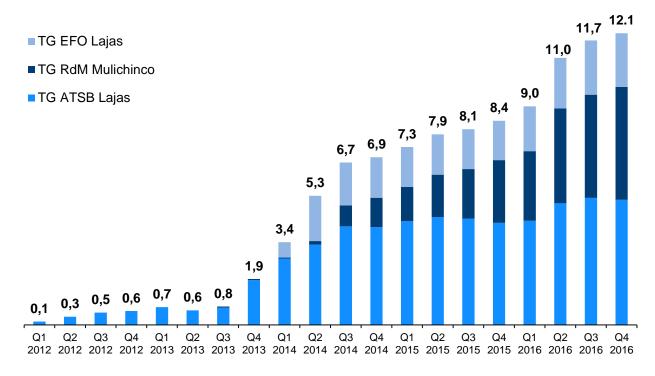
Tight gas production represented 22% of total natural gas production in Q4 2016.

Río Neuquén and Aguada de la Arena acquisitions will accelerate growth.

Gradually migrating to horizontal wells in Rincón del Mangrullo.



Tight Gas Operated Gross Production - Mm³/d



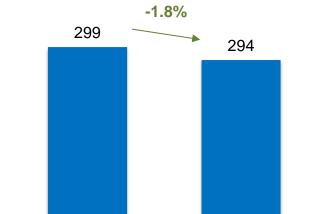


Review of FY 2016 Operations **Downstream Performance**

Sales volumes were down by 3.3% due to lower diesel and gasoline demand. New coke unit will enable a 10% increase in diesel production.

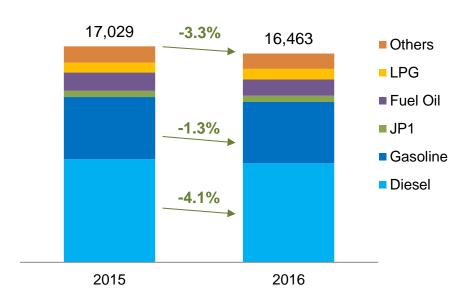
Crude processed (kbbl/d)

2015



2016

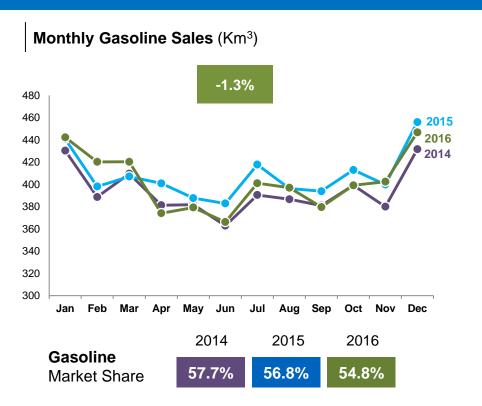
Domestic sales of refined products (Km³)

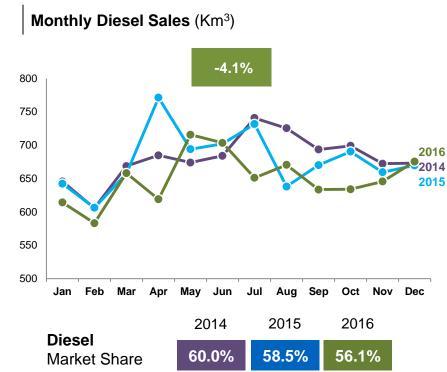




Review of FY 2016 Operations Refined Products Demand

Gasoline and diesel sales were down by 1.3% and 4.1%, respectively; slight reduction in market share. Some recovery towards year end.





Review of FY 2016 Operations Gas & Energy Update



+575 MW

Loma Campana I project start-up in Q3 2017 (100MW)

Loma Campana II project start-up in Q4 2017 (105MW)

Manantiales Behr wind farm 1st stage start-up in Q4 2017 (50MW of 100MW)

Tucuman project start-up in Q1 2018 (270MW)

All these projects are fully funded; will consider partners to grow further



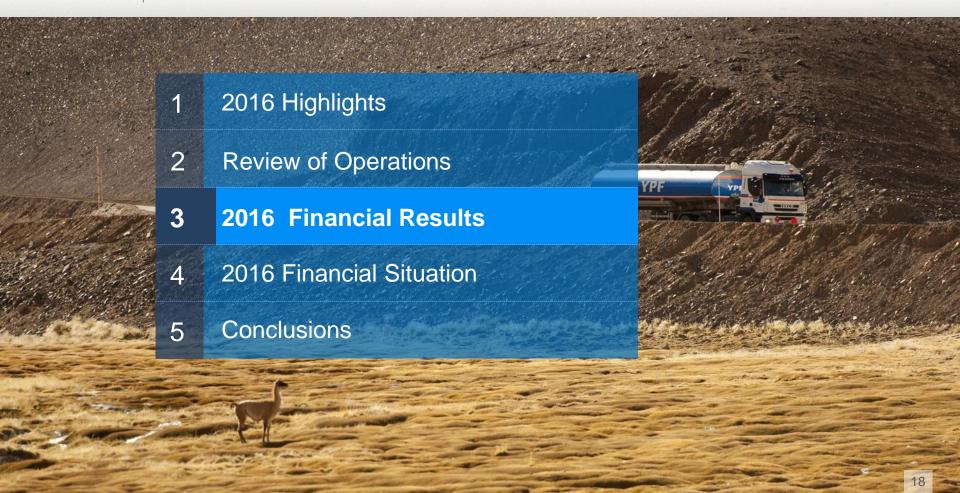
Review of FY 2016 Operations **Performance Highlights**

Delivered results in line with guidance

	TARGET 2016	REALIZED	
Capex in USD	~4.5 / 5 BUSD	4.3BUSD	⊘
Adj. EBITDA	~4BUSD	4BUSD	⊘
Lifting cost reduction in USD	-20%	-19.7%	⊘
Total production growth	Flat	+0.1%	⊘
Shale well cost (1)	~10MUSD	8.2MUSD	⊘
Finalize Coke Unit	2nd Half 2016	September 2016	②

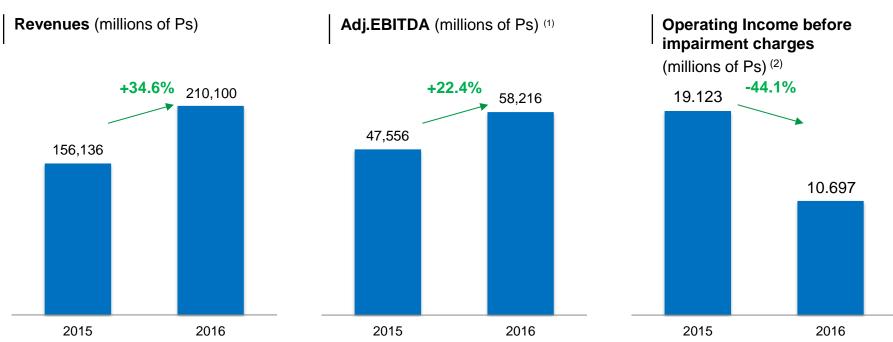
⁽¹⁾ Year end well cost in Loma Campana block

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YPF FY 2016 Financial Results

Revenues and Adj. EBITDA increased by 34.6% and 22.4% respectively. Operating Income before impairment charges decreased 44.1%.



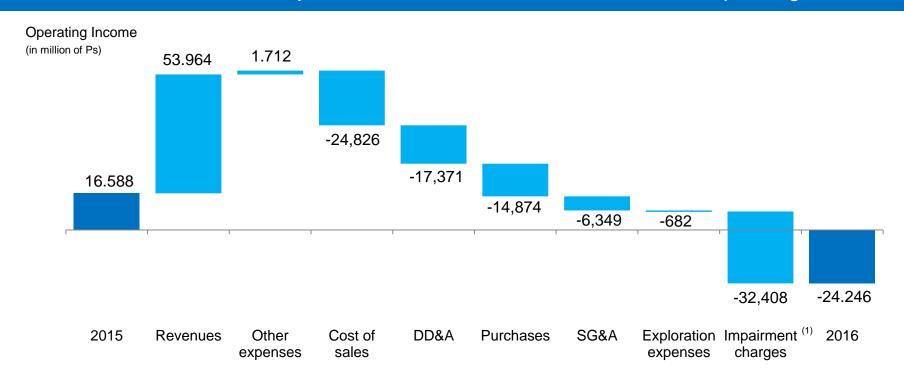
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⁽²⁾ Operating Income before impairment charges of Ps 2.5 billion (USD 195 million) and Ps 34.9 billion (USD 2,292 million) in Upstream segment for 2015 and 2016, respectively. Operating income in 2015 was Ps 16.6 billion in 2016 and operating loss in 2015 was Ps 24.2 billion



FY 2016 Financial Results **Operating Income**

Revenue increase of 35% was in line with increase in cash costs; however dollar-denominated items such as Purchases, Royalties and DD&A resulted in a decrease in Operating Income.

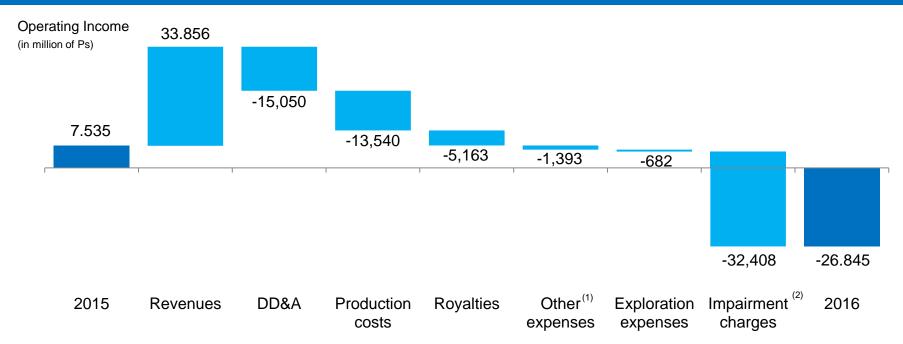


⁽¹⁾ Includes impairments charge of Ps 2.5 billion and Ps 34.9 billion in Upstream segment for 2015 and 2016 respectively.



FY 2016 Financial Results Upstream

Upstream Operating Income before impairment charge was down 51.6% mainly due to the effect of DD&A and costs associated with the reduction of activity; lifting cost was down 19.7% in real terms.



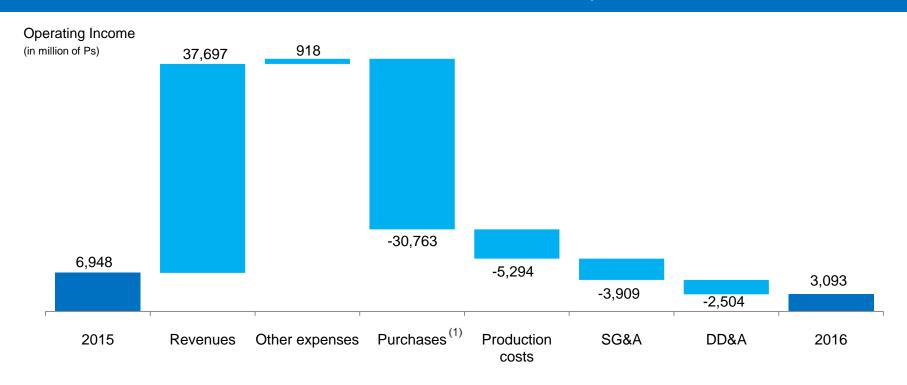
⁽¹⁾ Other expenses include: Ps +486 million of Other expenses, Ps - 1,791 million of Purchases and Ps - 88 million of SG&A.

⁽²⁾ Includes impairment charges of Ps 2.5 billion and Ps 34.9 billion in Upstream segment for 2015 and 2016, respectively.



FY 2016 Financial Results **Downstream**

Downstream Operating Income declined 55.5% as price increases were below the increase in cost of crude oil and biofuels; volumes sold were below expectations.

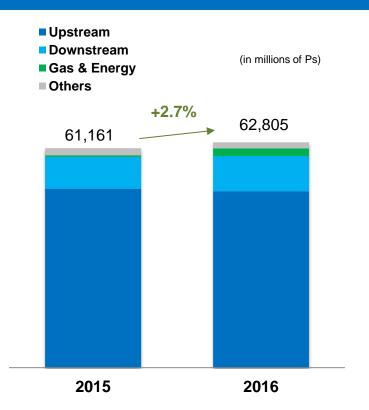


(1) Includes product stock variations



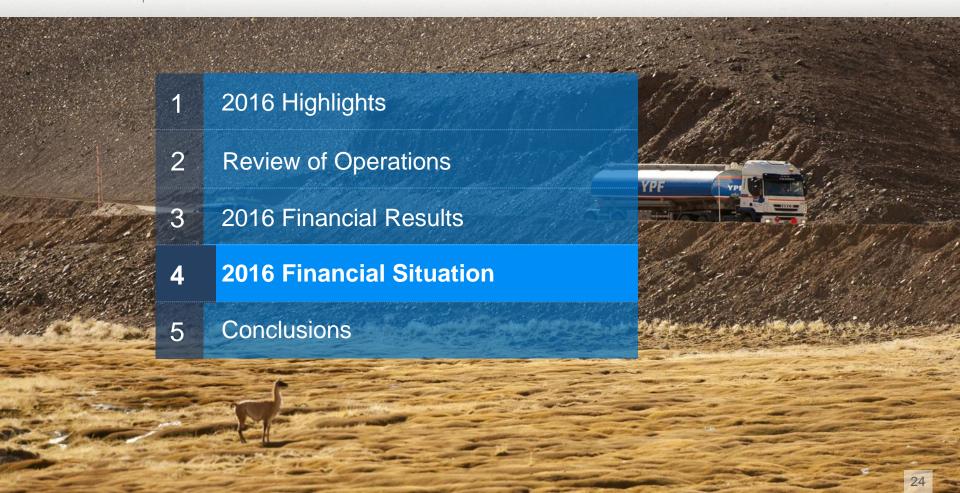
2016 Financial Results Capex

Capex was down 35.6% in USD terms and up 2.7% in pesos, mostly due to reduced activity in the Upstream segment.





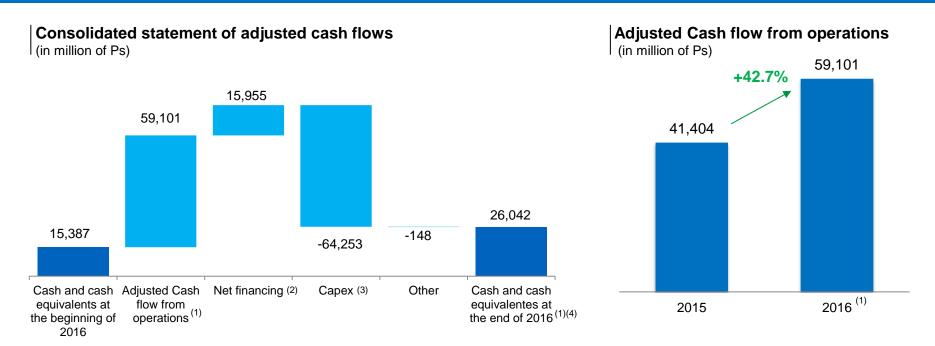
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2016 Financial Situation

Strong cash position by the end of 2016; Adjusted Operating Cash Flow was up due to reduction in working capital mainly related to collection of 2015 gas receivables.



⁽¹⁾ Includes Ps 9.9 billion of BONAR 2020 sovereign bonds received as payment for 2015 Plan Gas receivables.

Includes effect of changes in exchange rates and revaluation of investments in financial assets.

⁽³⁾ Effective spending in fixed asset acquisitions during the year.

Includes Ps 3.3 billion of financial investments in BONAR 2021 sovereign bonds.

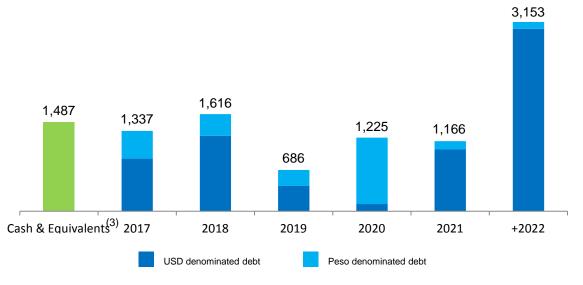


2016 Financial Situation

Cash position strengthened by new debt issuances and strong cash flow generation in 2016.

Financial debt amortization schedule (1) (2)

(in millions of USD)



73% denominated in USD and **27%** in Pesos

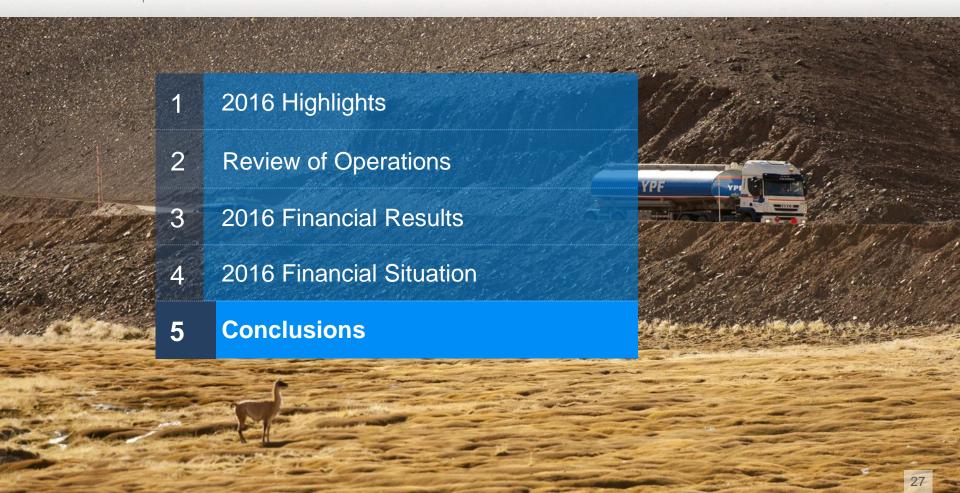
Average interest rates of **7.79%** in USD and **27.74%** in Pesos

Average life of almost **4.4** years

Net Debt / Adj. LTM EBITDA(3)(4) = 2.04x

- (1) As of December 31, 2016, does not include consolidated companies.
- Converted to USD using the December 31, 2016 exchange rate of Ps 15.84 to U.S \$1.00.
- (3) Includes cash & equivalent, including Argentine sovereign bonds BONAR 2020 and BONAR 2021.
- 4) Net debt to Adj. EBITDA calculated in USD. Net debt at period end exchange rate of Ps 15.84 to U.S \$1.00 and Adj. EBITDA LTM calculated as sum of quarters.

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Conclusions Outlook 2017

2016 was a transition year with management and BOD changes but strategy was reaffirmed; the Company performed in line with guidance

Main accomplishments were significant improvements in Vaca Muerta and the reduction in costs while adjusting activity to the new reality; we also acquired and restructured holdings and, more recently, announced a JV with Shell

In 2017 we will slightly reduce Capex but at the same time increase focus on safety and exploration, including extending Vaca Muerta's limits

We will continue our focus on natural gas

We expect a stronger local fuel market and a pricing dynamic to preserve or expand our margins

Financial discipline is a priority: smart capital allocation, costs control and a strong balance sheet







March 10, 2017

